

SPRINGFIELD TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE

**ACADEMIC AFFAIRS**

Course Number: AUTO 212 Department: Automotive Technology

Course Title: Automotive Electronic System Semester: Spring Year: 1997

**Objectives/Competencies**

<b>Course Objective</b>	<b>Competencies</b>
<p>1. The student should become aware of the variety of electronically controlled systems available for current vehicles.</p> <p>2. The student should develop an understanding of electronic sensor applications, locations, and classifications.</p>	<p>1. The student must be able to identify the following electronic systems and explain the advantages of their use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. Antilock brake system.</li><li>b. Speed control systems.</li><li>c. Electronic engine control systems.</li><li>d. Climate control systems.</li><li>e. Variable steering systems.</li><li>f. Active suspension systems.</li><li>g. Supplemental airbag systems.</li><li>h. Electronically controlled transmissions.</li><li>i. Electronic instrumentation.</li></ul> <p>1. Identify the general function of each sensor.</p> <p>2. Recognize the sensor as an input device for the processor.</p> <p>3. Describe the different principles of sensor input.</p> <p>4. Demonstrate sensor operation.</p>

Course Objective	Competencies
<p>3. The student should develop an understanding of the oscilloscope and the various controls used by the students during activities.</p> <p>4. The student should recognize and compare computer systems to the human body nervous system.</p> <p>5. The student should become aware of input, processing, and output sections of a basic computer system.</p>	<p>5. Relate sensor input to system operation.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Set the various knobs and switches of the oscilloscope in preparation of observing specific signals.</li> <li>2. Determine what type of signal is being generated by the sensor or actuator observing.</li> <li>3. Compare results of oscilloscope readings with specifications.</li> <li>4. Recognize the detail available when viewing electrical and electronic signals on a “0” scope.</li> <li>5. Recognize AC – DC – Frequency – Hertz – Duty Cycles – Digital Square Wave and Positive – Negative polarity when viewing signals.</li> </ol> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Explain how the human nervous system performs similar to sensor input.</li> <li>2. Compare the brain to the microprocessor.</li> <li>3. Recognize the human reflex action is similar to actuator output devices.</li> <li>4. Sketch a block diagram for a computer network.</li> <li>5. Explain what is meant by open loop and closed loop.</li> <li>6. Describe how automotive computer systems contribute to safe vehicle operations.</li> </ol> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Identify the functions of analog to digital converters, AC to DC converters, and frequency – to –DC voltage converters.</li> </ol>

Course Objective	Competencies
<p>6. The student should become familiar with direct current motors and stepper motors used as output devices.</p> <p>7. The student should gain the knowledge of various types of output devices which control different vehicle functions.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Describe the function of memory latch circuits.</li> <li>3. Define the difference between ROM and RAM memories.</li> <li>4. Describe the ALU binary addition/subtraction process.</li> <li>5. Describe how system sampling time effects system self testing.</li> <li>6. Describe the role of digital to analog converters in the production of output signals.</li> <li>7. Explain how transistors are used to perform switching and relay functions.</li> <li>8. Describe the process of direct analog voltage output control.</li> <li>9. Explain the basic principles of pulse width modulation.</li> <li>10. Describe how multiplexed systems operate.</li> </ol> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Describe the operation of a D/C motor.</li> <li>2. Describe the commutator action.</li> <li>3. Describe the operation of a stepper motor.</li> <li>4. Explain why stepper motor electromagnets are energized one at a time.</li> <li>5. Explain why after 180 degree rotation of the shaft polarity of the electromagnets is reversed.</li> <li>6. Describe the similarities of D/C and stepper motors.</li> </ol> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Explain how a simple transformer operates.</li> <li>2. Describe how coils are used in a variety of different ignition systems.</li> <li>3. Describe the purpose and operation of a relay.</li> </ol>

Course Objective	Competencies
<p>8. The student should realize the advantages of using computers in modern vehicles.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Explain the operation of a solenoid.</li> <li>5. Describe how solenoids are used to actuate valves.</li> <li>6. Construct an electronically controlled system using input and output devices and a microprocessor controller.</li> <li>7. Compare expected circuit operation with actual circuit operation and explain why discrepancies.</li> </ol> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Demonstrate how computer systems can compensate for wear on parts.</li> <li>2. Recognize that computers are very fast and can alter outputs in milliseconds.</li> <li>3. Explain how computers reduce fuel consumption.</li> <li>4. Describe how computers can increase engine power.</li> <li>5. Recognize how computers can reduce vehicle weight.</li> <li>6. Demonstrate how computers can help find system problems.</li> <li>7. Explain how computer increase driver convenience.</li> <li>8. Recognize how computers can improve passenger safety.</li> </ol>